### PROCEDURES FOR PREPARING FORECASTS

#### GENERAL.

Material Requirements," (see page IO) for specified nuclear materials. Computer-generated facsimiles of this form are acceptable. Nuclear materials to be forecast and the reporting units to be used are as follows:

Material Type	Material To Be Forecast	Reporting Units <sup>1</sup>
Enriched Uranium Plutonium Uranium-233 Heavy Water (D <sub>2</sub> 0) Plutonium-238 Tritium Normal Uranium Depleted Uranium Plutonium-242 Americium-243 Curium Neptunium-237	U-235 isotope Total Pu U-233 isotope- D₂O equivalent Pu-238 isotope Tritium Total U Total U Pu-242 isotope Am-243 isotope Curium Np-237 isotope	kilogram kilogram kilogram kilogram gram gram metric ton metric ton gram gram gram gram kilogram

b. Projects with entries (blocks 25-74) less than the following threshold quantities shown below may be omitted from the forecast:

### Threshold Quantities

Material	Uni t
Enriched Uranium	2 kg U-235
Plutonium	2 kg Pu
Uranium-233	1 kg U-233
Heavy Water (D,0)	500 kg D₂0 (equi val ent)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Rounding procedure: Fractions of 0.5 or greater shall be rounded up and fractions of less than 0.5 shall be rounded down. Abbreviations used throughout the Order are: metric ton (MT), kilogram (kg), and gram (gin).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Deuterium quantities should be converted to heavy water equivalent quantities by multiplying the deuterium quantities by 4.98.

# <u>Threshold Quantities</u> (Continued)

<u>Material</u> Unit

Plutonium-238	100 gm Pu-238
Tri ti um	10 gm Tritium
Normal Uranium	10 MT U
Depleted Uranium	10 MT U
Pl utoni um-242	100 gm Pu-242
Americium-243	1 gm Am-243
Curium	1 gm Cm
Neptuni um-237	1 Kg Np-237

- c. Forecasts shall be accompanied by relevant assumptions upon which entries are based.
- 2. <u>INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING DOE F 5660.1</u> The specific instructions shown below correspond to the item numbers on DOE F 5660.1.
  - a. Blocks 1-10. Enter the 10-character alphanumeric project number. Material in projects prefixed with "M", "I", and "E" designators should not be included in the forecasts.
  - b. <u>Project Title</u>. Enter the title of the project number noted in blocks (1-10). The project title should agree with the project number contained in the official DOE Project Number-Title Index (Nuclear Materials Management and Safeguards System T-141 report).
  - c. <u>Block 11</u>. Enter the appropriate material type code applicable to all of the items on the page. List only one material type on each DOE F 5660.1. If more space is required, continue on another DOE F 5660.1, repeating material type, project number, and title.

Material Type	Code
U-235 Pu U-233 Pu-238 D <sub>z</sub> 0 Tri ti um	2
Other (specify)	/

Forecasts for Pu-242, Am-243, Np-237, curium, normal and depleted uranium should use Code 7 "Other" with the material noted, as appropriate. If forecasts are required for nuclear materials not listed above, the materials should be identified under Code 7, "Other".

d. <u>Entry Type and Block 12</u>. Enter the appropriate entry type and entry type code shown below for all entries applicable to a line. Entry type codes should be arranged in numerical order. Several lines may have the same entry type because of different material assays. Multiple entries for the same entry type code should be listed in decreasing materials assay.

Entry Type	<u>Code</u>
Beginning Inventory	1
Withdrawal	2
Uni rradi ated Return	3
Irradiated Return	4 5
Transfer In	6
Burnup, Losses, and Expended in Nuclear Tests	7
Formation	8
Launch	9
Ending Inventory	10

### e. <u>Definitions of Entry Types</u>.

- (1) <u>Beginning Inventory</u>. The actual inventory at the beginning of the current fiscal year of the forecast period reported by project number. All quantities assigned to the project should be included in this inventory without regard to physical location.
- (2) <u>Withdrawl</u>. Receipt of nuclear material by a user project from a supply project. (The receipt of nuclear material from an "E" or "M" project by a user project is considered a withdrawal.)
- (3) Return. Removal of nuclear material from a user project to a supply project. The removal of material from any user project to an "E" or "M" project number (see Chapter VI) is also considered a return. Returns are further described as either unirradiated or irradiated material.
- (4) <u>Transfer In.</u> A receipt of nuclear material by a user project from any source other than a supply project. Includes material obtained from other user projects, Federal agencies, foreign countries, or private ownership. Footnote the project number and

location from which the material is to be obtained. Material obtained from another contractor or location without a change in project number is not considered a transfer in.

- (5) Tran<u>sfer Out</u>. A removal of nuclear material from a user project to any destination other than a supply project. Includes material provided to other user projects, other Federal agencies, foreign countries, domestic companies for private use, and "I" projects. Footnote the project number and location to which the material will be transferred. Material sent to another contractor or location without a change in project number is not a transfer out.
- (6) <u>Burnup, Losses, and Expended in Nuclear Tests</u>. Removals from inventory as a result of processing, fabrication, irradiation, decay, weapon tests, operational losses, and discards.
- (7) <u>Information</u>. Material produced as a result of irradiation of other materials, e.g., U-233 or Pu produced in reactors. Tritium produced in D<sub>2</sub>0 reactor moderator is excluded.
- (8) Launch. Material removed from inventory as a result of rocket launch into space, e.g., Pu-238 for electrical generation.
- (9) <u>Ending Inventory</u> Inventory for a project at the end of each fiscal year (regardless of location or assay) calculated by adding receipts-to the beginning inventory and subtracting-all removals.

#### f. Blocks 13-15 and 16-18.

(1) Enter assay for materials under each entry type, as required. Assays are not required for Entry Type O "Ending Inventory". Assays shall be entered for materials as follows:

Material	Assay Data								
U-235 Pu U-233 D <sub>2</sub> O Pu-238 Tritium Normal U Depleted U Pu-242 Am-243 Curium Np-237	Wt % U-235 to nearest 0.1% Wt % Pu-240 to nearest 0.1% Ppm U-232 in uranium Do not enter assay data Wt % Pu-238 to nearest 0.1% Do not enter assay data Do not enter assay data Do not enter assay data Wt % Pu-242 to nearest 0.1% Wt % Am-243 to nearest 0.1% Do not enter assay data Do not enter assay data								

(2) Single assays shall be shown in blocks 16-18. Ranges of assays may be shown by using blocks 13-15 for the lower assay and blocks 16-18 for the upper assay. Ranges of assays should be used for withdrawals only when absolutely necessary (i.e., only where specific assays cannot be identified). Assay ranges for withdrawals will be interpreted as meaning that any material within the indicated assay range is acceptable. Materials with only slight differences in assay (e.g., one percent U-235, Pu-240, or Pu-238) may be combined and reported as a single quantity with a single weighted average or major assay. Small quantities of materials that individually are less than a reportable quantity may be combined as a single quantity with a single weighted average assay. Weight percent should be shown for entries identified as burnup, losses, and expended in nuclear tests (entry type code 7). For material consumed in a reactor, enter the weight percent of the material loaded into the reactor before Irradiation. Assays should be "right adjusted", i.e., entries start at right and work left. A range of 5 to 50 ppm U-232, for example, would be shown as:

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For weight percent, the right-hand column is used for tenths of a percent,

g. <u>Block 19</u>. For withdrawals, enter a code representing the chemical form of the material required from nuclear materials supply projects as follows (generally, only standard form material will be provided):

<u>Code</u>	Eorm
1	Hexafl uori de
2	Ni trate
3	Metal
4	0xi de
5	Other

h. Blocks 20-21 Special assay codes should be entered for irradiated U-235 return; and  $D_20$  withdrawals and returns, as follows:

### Irradiated U-235

Code	<u>% U-236</u>
01 02	< 1 1 < 2
03	2 < 3
04	3 < 4
05	4 < 5
06	5 < 6
07	6 < 7
08	7 < 8
09	8 < 9
10	9 < 10
11	10 < 11
12	11 < 12
13	12 < 13
14	13 < 14
15	> 14

## D20 Withdrawals and Returns

Code	Microcuries <u>Tritium/Milliliter</u>
50 51 52	< 0.00005 0.00005-30 > 30
JZ	> 30

Blocks 22-24. Enter the three-character classification code established by American National Standards Institute in ANSI N15.1-1970, Classification of Unirradiated Uranium Scrap, to identify returns of unirradiated and irradiated enriched uranium (U-235), normal uranium, depleted uranium, and U-233; for returns of unirradiated and irradiated plutonium, Pu-238, and Pu-242, enter the three-character classification code in ANSI N15.10-1987, Unirradiated Plutonium Scrap-Classification. Although the American National Standards Institute codes were established for unirradiated scrap, in this instance, they should also be applied to irradiated materials. Care should be taken to select the most appropriate American National Standards Institute Code to describe the material. (Although ANSI N15.1-1970 has expired, it should continue to be used until it is updated. Copies of ANSI N15.1-1970 can be obtained from the Office of Nuclear Weapons Management.

- j. <u>Blocks 25-29</u> On the line reflecting beginning inventory (Entry Code 1), enter the actual beginning inventory for the project, regardless of location, as of the first day of the current fiscal year to which the forecast applies. Entries should be right adjusted.
- k. <u>Blocks 30-34</u> Enter actual quantities for each entry type (except beginning inventories that are entered in blocks 25-29) for the first quarter of the fiscal year in which the forecast is prepared.
- 1. <u>Blocks 35-39.</u> Enter appropriate quantities for each entry type (except beginning inventories) for the remainder of the current fiscal year (totals for the second, third, and fourth quarters).
- m. <u>Blocks 40-74</u>. Enter quantities for each entry type (except beginning inventories) for each of the fiscal years. In the blank "FY" insert the two-character number reflecting the appropriate fiscal year, e.g., 95, 96. Eleven entries should be made to reflect consecutive fiscal years of the forecast period.

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY FORECAST OF NUCLEAR MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

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PROJECT TITLE: BNL High	Fl	ux I	3ea	am Re	eac	to	<u>r                                     </u>	-			REPORTI	NG ORGANIZ	ZATION: B	(0		onal La	borator	
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ENTRY TYPE  TYPE	C O D E	LOWE		UPPE OR SINGI		<b>₹</b> 5	SPEC. ASSY CODE	RE- TURNS FORM CODE	67 02	64 03	64 	65 	FY	F <b>Y</b>	FY	FY	FY	
			15		18	19	28 21	22 23 24	(25-28)	(36-34)	(35–39)	(40-44)	(45_49)	(58–54)	(5558)	(98-64)	(65-88)	(78-74)
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FORECAST OF NUCLEAR MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS